





#### Guide to the categories on the cards

Use this guide to explain the categories on the cards to children in your class. Be ready to use L1, if necessary, and to extend or simplify the explanations according to the age and level of the children.

#### Mummy's tummy:

Baby mammals develop inside their mother's body. The babies are born after a certain length of time. This process is called gestation.

It's different for birds. The female bird lays eggs. If the eggs are fertilized, baby birds develop inside the eggs. The baby birds hatch after a certain length of time. This process is called incubation.

The category 'Mummy's tummy' measures both processes in months. The numbers on the cards show the nearest number of months for each animal.

#### Weight at birth:

This number is an average, as some baby animals weigh more or less than their brothers and sisters. This category is in kilos.

#### Independence:

Some baby animals stay with their parents for years. Other baby animals have families of their own quite soon. Occasionally, parents abandon their babies and the babies look after themselves. Independence measures how quickly baby animals grow up and look after themselves. The score for independence is out of 10. The higher the number, the earlier the animal begins to look after itself.

#### Mischief:

Some baby animals are very lively and naughty. Mischief measures how energetic and adventurous a young animal is. The score for mischief is out of 30. The higher the number, the more mischievous the animal is.

#### **Cuteness:**

All the baby animals in the pack are cute. Cuteness reflects how sweet and adorable a young animal is. Cuteness is a subjective category which children may or may not agree with. The score for cuteness is out of 5. The higher the number, the cuter the animal.









# Squirrel monkey Infant

Mummy's tummy (months)	5
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	7
Mischief	28
Cuteness	1

Squirrel monkeys have got short, grey and orange fur and long tails. The skin around their ears and eyes is white. Their mouth and nose are black. Squirrel monkeys live in large groups in the tropical forests of South America. They eat fruit, insects, seeds, leaves, nuts and eggs. Infants can climb from birth.

#### Gorilla



#### Elephant





Mummy's tummy (months)	9
Weight at birth (kilos)	1.8
Independence	3
Mischief	29
Cuteness	3

Gorillas live in groups in the tropical forests of Africa. They eat leaves and fruit and sometimes travel huge distances looking for food every day. Infants ride on their mother's back for the first four months of their life. When gorillas grow up, they leave the group to form or join other families.

# Calf

Mummy's tummy (month	s) 22
Weight at birth (kilos)	113.4
Independence	_ 1
Mischief	20
Cuteness	4

Elephants are the world's largest land mammals. They live in Africa and Asia. Elephants have got trunks which they use to eat grass, leaves and branches of trees. Elephants also use their trunks to drink, play, swim and stay cool. Baby elephants depend on adults to teach them how to survive.

#### White tiger



Cub

#### Pig



#### Grizzly bear





Mummy's tummy (months)	3
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.9
Independence	7
Mischief	25
Cuteness	5

White tigers have got white fur with black stripes. They are good at swimming but not very good at climbing. White tigers are solitary animals and hunt at night. They eat other animals, such as cows, pigs and deer. Newborn cubs are small and blind. They don't hunt until they are 18 months old.

## F



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Mummy's tummy (mo	nths) 4
Weight at birth (kilos)	1.4
Independence	9
Mischief	10
Cuteness	4

In some countries pigs are domestic animals and live on farms. There are also pigs, called wild boars, which live in forests and mountains. Pigs are intelligent and social animals. They are also clean. Pigs eat plants and meat. Newborn piglets can have as many as 8-12 brothers and sisters!



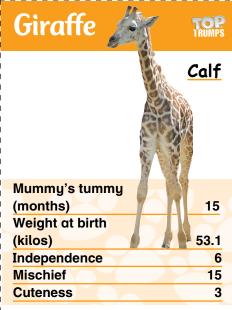
Mummy's tummy (months)	7
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.5
Independence	6
Mischief	18
Cuteness	2

Grizzly bears live in North America. They eat plants, meat and fish. Female grizzly bears give birth to tiny cubs in winter. The cubs stay with their mother for 2 years learning how to survive. They grow up to be fierce hunters which can run at 48 kilometres an hour and eat 40 kilos of food a day.









Baby giraffes are almost 2 metres tall at birth. They spend most of the first few weeks lying down to avoid attack by predators. Giraffes live in Africa. They are very sociable and share land and watering holes with other animals. Giraffes eat leaves and twigs from the tops of trees.

#### Duck

#### 🔐 Kangaroo





Mummy's tummy (months	s) 1
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	7
Mischief	5
Cuteness	5

There are many different types of ducks. Some ducks are brown and others are brightly coloured. Ducks love water and live near ponds, rivers and oceans. They eat grass, seeds, insects, snails and fish. Newly hatched ducklings cannot fly for several weeks and are in danger from predators.



Mummy's tummy (months)	_1
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	8
Mischief	26
Cuteness	2

Australia's largest mammal is the kangaroo. After birth, joeys live in their mother's pouch for almost a year. Adult kangaroos can hop at 70 kilometres an hour, and go over 9 metres in one hop. Kangaroos eat grass, leaves and roots and can go for months without drinking water.

#### Camel



#### Llama

#### TOP

#### Giant panda





Mummy's tummy (months)	15
Weight at birth (kilos)	40.8
Independence	6
Mischief	10
Cuteness	2

Dromedary camels have a single hump. They live in hot deserts in North Africa and the Middle East. Camels eat grass, leaves and twigs. They store fat in their hump. This helps them to survive when there isn't any food. Camel calves can run a few hours after they are born.



M <mark>ummy</mark> 's tum <mark>my (m</mark> or	nths) 12
Weight at birth (kilos)	10.9
Independence	9
Mischief	10
Cuteness	2

Llamas live in South America. People use llamas to transport goods across the mountains. They also use their soft fur to make clothes. Llamas are curious, intelligent animals. They eat grass, corn and hay. Crias can stand up and walk almost immediately after they are born.



Mummy's tummy (months)	5
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.5
Independence	8
Mischief	5
Cuteness	5

Giant pandas live in the mountains in central China. They mainly eat bamboo. Newborn pandas are tiny and do not have fur. They depend on their mother's full attention to survive. Although giant pandas look cute with their soft black and white fur, they are as dangerous as other bears.









# Hippopotamus TOP

#### Rhinoceros

#### TOP

#### Seal





M <mark>ummy</mark> 's Tum <mark>my (mont</mark> l	hs) 8
Weight at Birth (kilos)	38.6
Independence	4
Mischief	14
Cuteness	1

Hippopotami are very aggressive, semi-aquatic animals. They live in rivers, lakes and swamps in Africa. The calves are born underwater. Their mothers help them swim to the surface to breathe. Hippopotami spend most of the day in water keeping cool. In the evening they leave the water to eat grass.



Mummy's Tummy (months)	16
Weight at Birth (kilos)	68
Independence	4
Mischief	19
Cuteness	1

There are five types of rhino which live in Africa and Asia. They have all got tough skin about 5 centimetres thick. They also all eat grass. Some rhinos have one horn and other rhinos have two horns. A calf's horns don't grow until they are about a year old.



Mummy's Tummy (months)	12
Weight at Birth (kilos)	10
Independence	10
Mischief	22
Cuteness	2

There are several different types of seal which live in oceans in the Arctic and Antarctica. Seals have got flippers and are strong swimmers. They are also very good hunters. Seals eat fish, squid, octopus and crabs. Seals have their pups on land. The pups grow fast and can swim as soon as they are born.

#### Zebra

#### TOP

Foal

#### Lion

#### TRUMP

Cub

#### Guinea pig





Mummy's Tummy (months)	13
Weight at Birth (kilos)	31.8
Independence	6
Mischief	11
Cuteness	3

Zebras live in groups on the savannah and grasslands of Africa. They eat grass, leaves and shrubs. Zebras have very good sight and hearing. This makes it difficult for predators to come near them. Zebra foals are born with brown and white stripes. They can stand up and walk almost immediately.



Mummy's Tummy (months)	4
Weight at Birth (kilos)	2.3
Independence	7
Mischief	26
Cuteness	5

Lions live on the savannah and grasslands of Africa. They also live in forests in India. Lions hunt and eat other animals, such as zebras and deer. Newborn lion cubs are small, blind and do not have fur. Their mother moves them to different dens in the first few months to protect them from hungry predators.



Mummy's Tummy (months)	2
Weight at Birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	8
Mischief	5
Cuteness	3

Guinea pigs are not pigs and they are not from Guinea! They are rodents from South America. Newborn pups have got teeth, claws and fur. They can eat solid food immediately. In some countries guinea pigs are popular pets. They eat grass, hay, raw fruit and vegetables.









# American bison TOP Goat Calf Mummy's tummy (months) 9

Bison are the biggest land animal in North America. They grow to an average of more than 900 kilos! Bison have got long, dark brown fur, a hump on their back and two short horns. They eat grass and other plants. Newborn calves are light brown. They don't have a hump

Weight at birth (kilos)

Independence

**Mischief** 

Cuteness

# Kid

Mummy's tummy (months)	5
Weight at birth (kilos)	1.4
Independence	9
Mischief	18
Cuteness	3

Goats live in many different countries around the world. Some goats are wild but most goats are domestic. Goats provide people with meat, milk, cheese, yogurt and wool. They are clever and curious animals. Goats eat shrubs and weeds but they are willing to try anything! Newborn kids soon run around with the rest of the herd.

#### Sheep



TOP



Mummy's tummy (months)	5
Weight at birth (kilos)	2.7
Independence	9
Mischief	15
Cuteness	4

Sheep are domestic animals. They live on farms in many different countries around the world. Sheep provide people with meat, milk, cheese and wool. Sheep stay close to other sheep in their flock and follow what they do. Young lambs are playful and soon run around with the rest of the flock.

#### Chicken

20.4

8

4

#### Polar bear

#### Rabbit





Mummy's tummy (months)	0
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	10
Mischief	3
Cuteness	5

Chickens sit on their fertilized eggs for three weeks to keep them warm. A chick develops inside each egg. When the chicks hatch, they start looking for food. Chickens eat grass, seeds, grain, insects and worms. Many people all over the world keep chickens for their eggs and meat.



Mummy's tummy (months)	8
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.9
Independence	7
Mischief	24
Cuteness	4

Polar bears live in the Arctic. They are great hunters. Polar bears eat seals and fish in winter and plants in summer. Polar bear mothers dig a special den in the snow for their cubs. Newborn cubs are small and blind. After two weeks they learn to walk and play near the den.



Mummy's tummy (months)	1
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	10
Mischief	9
Cuteness	4

Angora rabbits are popular pets in many countries. They are active, social and playful. Angora rabbits have got long, soft fur. They eat hay, raw fruit and vegetables. Baby rabbits are not given a lot of attention by their parents and learn to look after themselves very soon.









# Cat

Mummy's tummy (months)	2
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	9
Mischief	30
Cuteness	5

Cats are one of the world's most popular pets. Cats have got soft fur and sharp claws. When they are content, they purr. Cats sleep a lot and spend hours cleaning themselves with their tongues. Cats hunt small animals such as birds and mice. Young kittens are very active and playful.

# Fawn

Deer

Mummy's tummy (months)	7
Weight at birth (kilos)	1.8
Independence	8
Mischief	12
Cuteness	3

White-tailed deer live in forests in North and South America and Canada. They eat twigs, shrubs, fruit and nuts. Fawns are born in the spring with spots on their fur. The spots disappear as the fawns grow. Male deer grow large antlers which they use to defend themselves.

#### Border collie





Mummy's tummy (months)	2
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.9
Independence	5
Mischief	30
Cuteness	4

Border collies are one of the most intelligent dogs. They are also energetic, friendly and hardworking. Border collies make great sheepdogs and watchdogs. They are also good at dog sports. Border collies eat meat and dog biscuits. Young puppies are lively and easy to train.

#### Holstein cow



#### Owl



TOP

#### Ostrich



Chick



Mummy's tummy (months)	9
Weight at birth (kilos)	31.8
Independence	8
Mischief	10
Cuteness	3

Holstein cows are large black and white cows originally from the Netherlands. Holstein cows live on dairy farms in many countries in the USA and Europe. They eat grass and corn. They are famous for the amount of milk they produce. Calves drink their mother's milk until they are 8-9 weeks old.



Mummy's tummy (months)	<b>A</b> 1
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.2
Independence	7
Mischief	7
Cuteness	5

Owls live in most regions of the world. They sleep during the day and hunt mice, rabbits, birds and insects at night. Owls have got large eyes, curved beaks and strong claws. They are almost silent when they fly. Owls do not make nests and the fledglings hatch from eggs at different times.



M <mark>ummy</mark> 's tum <mark>my (m</mark> onths)	_1
Weight at birth (kilos)	0.9
Independence	6
Mischief	8
Cuteness	4

Ostriches are large birds from Africa. They can run at 70 kilometres an hour but they can't fly! They eat grass, seeds, leaves and insects. Ostrich eggs are very big and weigh more than a kilo. When the chicks hatch, it is usually the male who defends the chicks and teaches them how to feed.

